

# Piggybook By Anthony Browne

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## INTRODUCTION: UNPACKING THE LAYERS OF PIGGYBOOK BY ANTHONY BROWNE

In the vast landscape of children’s picture books, few creators manage to weave social commentary, visual artistry, and emotional depth as seamlessly as Anthony Browne. His 1986 classic, **Piggybook**, is far more than a simple bedtime story. At first glance, it appears to be a whimsical tale about a family who turns into pigs. But beneath the surface, this book serves as a sharp, witty, and deeply poignant exploration of gender roles, domestic labor, and family dynamics. **Piggybook by Anthony Browne** remains a cornerstone in children’s literature, not only for its engaging narrative but for its masterful integration of text and illustration. In this article, we will dive into the story’s plot, its powerful themes, the genius of Browne’s artwork, and why this book continues to resonate with readers of all ages decades after its publication.

## PLOT OVERVIEW: THE PIG TRANSFORMATION

The story centers on the Piggott family: Mr. Piggott, his two sons Simon and Patrick, and Mrs. Piggott. The family lives a comfortable life, but one thing is clear—Mrs. Piggott does everything. She makes breakfast, she cleans the house, she prepares dinner, and her husband and sons do nothing but demand more. Every morning, they chorus, “Hurry up with the breakfast!” and every evening they ask, “Where’s the dinner?” Mrs. Piggott is depicted as a shadowy, faceless figure who quietly serves the family’s every whim.

Then one day, she is gone. She leaves behind only a note: “You are pigs.” And indeed, Mr. Piggott and the boys begin to transform—literally—into pigs. They try to fend for themselves, but the house falls into utter chaos. Dishes pile up, the garden becomes overgrown, and the television remote is lost in the mess. The final straw comes when the power goes out. Forlorn and pig-like, the three males search for Mrs. Piggott and eventually find her watching them from the doorway. She has come back—but only on her own terms. They beg her to stay, and she agrees, but the story ends with a transformed family: Mr. Piggott now fixes the stove, Simon and Patrick make the beds, and everyone shares the housework. Mrs. Piggott, finally smiling and with a face of her own, even fixes “a wonderful dinner,” but the last illustration shows her secretly repairing the family car under the hood—a subtle nod to true equality.

## THE POWER OF ANTHONY BROWNE’S ILLUSTRATIONS

One of the most celebrated aspects of **Piggybook by Anthony Browne** is its ingenious use of visual storytelling. Browne, a former surrealist painter and winner of the Hans Christian Andersen Award, fills every page with clues, symbols, and hidden meanings. The transformation into pigs is not just literal—it is foreshadowed through the illustrations long before the text mentions it. Early in the book, the wallpaper patterns show tiny pig motifs. The father’s tie has a pig design. The son’s school necktie features pigs. Even the shape of the doorbell, the pattern on the curtains, and the silhouette of a coffee mug seem to hint at snouts and curly tails. These details reward multiple readings

and invite children (and adults) to become visual detectives.

Browne also uses color and lighting to convey emotion. At the beginning, the home is depicted in warm but dull tones, with Mrs. Piggott often in gray, faded backgrounds. When she leaves, the colors become muddier and more chaotic. The pigs themselves are drawn with a mix of human and animal features, making their transformation both humorous and unsettling. The final pages, after Mrs. Piggott returns, burst with warmer, brighter hues, especially in scenes where the family works together. This visual journey mirrors the emotional arc of the story and makes the message of shared responsibility impossible to ignore.

## KEY THEMES IN PIGGYBOOK

### Gender Roles and Domestic Labor

At its core, **Piggybook** is a clever critique of traditional gender roles. Mr. Piggott and his sons assume that housework is “women’s work,” and Mrs. Piggott is expected to serve without complaint. Anthony Browne subverts this expectation by removing the matriarch, showing that the family literally cannot function without her. Their transformation into pigs suggests that selfishness and entitlement dehumanize everyone involved. The book does not advocate for Mrs. Piggott to do more; rather, it argues for a fairer distribution of labor. By the end, the males are shown vacuuming, making beds, and cooking—tasks they previously considered beneath them. The final image of Mrs. Piggott fixing the car is particularly striking, as it challenges the stereotype that mechanical work is inherently masculine.

### Family Dynamics and Respect

Another vital theme is the importance of mutual respect within a family. The Piggott boys and their father do not even see Mrs. Piggott as a person with her own needs—they only see her as a provider of meals and clean clothes. When she leaves, they are forced to confront their own inadequacy and dependence. The story encourages families to recognize and appreciate the contributions of each member, regardless of gender. It also gently teaches children that chores are not a punishment but a shared responsibility that makes a household run smoothly.

### Identity and Self-Worth

Mrs. Piggott’s transformation is also about reclaiming identity. At the start, her face is never fully shown; she is only hands, a back, and a silhouette. This artistic choice underscores her lack of recognition. When she returns, her face is visible, and she is smiling. She has asserted her worth, and the family’s renewed appreciation allows her to exist as a whole person. The book thus delivers a powerful message for all readers, especially those who feel their efforts go unnoticed.

LATER

Published in 1986, **Piggybook by Anthony Browne** premiered during a time when second-wave feminism was influencing children’s literature. Yet it feels anything but dated. In an era where conversations about emotional labor, mental load, and equitable parenting are more prominent than ever, the book’s central lesson is still urgent. Modern families, regardless of structure, can benefit from its gentle nudge to share household duties. The book has been used in classrooms to spark discussions about fairness, cooperation, and stereotypes. Its surreal, humorous tone makes these heavy topics accessible even to young readers.

Moreover, Browne’s artistic style—with its surreal elements reminiscent of Magritte—encourages children to look closely, think critically, and find hidden meanings. This active engagement is a hallmark of quality picture books. The book’s open-ended final illustration (Mrs. Piggott under the car hood) invites readers to imagine who is truly handy and who can learn new skills.

LITERARY AND EDUCATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

A Text for Critical Literacy

Educators often use **Piggybook** as a springboard for critical literacy activities. Students can examine the visual clues that predict the transformation, discuss the author’s message about gender, and even rewrite the story from Mrs. Piggott’s perspective. The book lends itself well to debates about fairness and the division of labor at home. It also provides an excellent example of irony: the Piggott family, whose surname suggests pigs, behave in a piggish manner before they literally become pigs.

Art Appreciation and Analysis

Browne’s illustrations are also studied in art classes. The use of shifting perspectives, framing, and symbolic details (like the pig motifs on wallpaper, cutlery, and even clouds) makes the book a rich text for visual analysis. Young readers can learn to decode images, understand subtext, and appreciate how picture books are a unique art form that combines word and picture.

COMPARISONS TO OTHER WORKS

**Piggybook** shares thematic DNA with other feminist picture

WHY PIGGYBOOK REMAINS RELEVANT DECADES

books such as *When Sophie Gets Angry – Really, Really Angry* by Molly Bang, *Bag Princess* by Robert Munsch, and *Heather Has Two Mommies* by Lesléa Newman. However, Browne’s use of surreal transformation and visual metaphor sets it apart. Whereas those books use dialogue and plot to upend gender expectations, **Piggybook** lets the illustrations do much of the heavy lifting. The slow, subtle visual progression toward piggishness is a masterclass in pacing and suggestion.

Another point of comparison is Browne’s own body of work. His books such as *Voices in the Park*, *Gorilla*, and *Into the Forest* also explore family relationships and emotional landscapes through surreal imagery. In **Piggybook**, the fantastical element (turning into pigs) is not meant to be believed literally, but rather as a device to reveal a deeper truth—a signature Browne approach.

IMPACT ON READERS AND CULTURE

Many readers recall **Piggybook by Anthony Browne** as a book that made them laugh uncomfortably. Children often recognize the unfairness in the Piggott household immediately, and they root for Mrs. Piggott’s quiet rebellion. The book empowers young readers to question norms and speak up when they see inequality, whether at home or in society. Adults, too, find the book cathartic. It validates the experience of caregivers who feel invisible and provides a gentle, humorous way to start a conversation about sharing the workload.

The book has been translated into numerous languages and used in diverse cultural settings, demonstrating its universal appeal. It has also been adapted into a short film, stage play, and animated read-alouds, further extending its reach. In a world where the burden of unpaid labor still disproportionately falls on women and gender minorities, **Piggybook** remains a gentle yet powerful tool for change.

CONCLUSION: A TIMELESS TALE OF EQUALITY

In conclusion, **Piggybook by Anthony Browne** is far more than a quirky story about a family turning into swine. It is a beautifully crafted, thought-provoking picture book that uses humor, art, and allegory to address serious issues of gender roles, respect, and division of labor. Browne’s clever illustrations reward careful looking, while the straightforward narrative makes its point without preaching. Decades after its publication, the book continues to inspire discussions in homes, classrooms, and libraries. Whether you are a parent looking for a fun read that also teaches a lesson, an educator seeking a text for critical literacy, or simply a lover of outstanding children’s literature, **Piggybook** deserves a place on your shelf. Its message—that everyone deserves appreciation and that a family works best when everyone pitches in—remains as relevant today as it was when Mrs. Piggott first walked out the door.